

Congressional Debate Legislation #1

A Resolution to Ban Yellow #5

1. WHEREAS, Artificial dyes have been linked to hyperactivity, asthma,
2. migraines, thyroid cancer, anxiety, clinical depression and
3. allergies.
4. WHEREAS, Artificial food dye consumption has increased by 500% in
5. the last 50 years, with children being the biggest consumers.
6. WHEREAS, Artificial Dye - Yellow #5 (also known as Tartrazine) is
7. used in many of the products marketed towards kids and is one of
8. the most popular artificial colours and potentially, most damaging.
9. WHEREAS, Since Yellow #5 may be contaminated with several
10. cancer-causing chemicals.
11. RESOLVED, by the Student Congress here assembled that the United
12. States should ban the use of Yellow #5 in foods.
13. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL

Congressional Debate Legislation #2

A Bill to Reform Tax Collection

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 The United States government shall collect taxes at a
3. flat rate. The amount of taxable income the federal government
4. collects will be determined after deductions are accounted for.
5. Congress is vested with the authority to determine the tax rate
6. and the deductions per adult and dependent. Congress is also
7. permitted to set different rates for individuals and corporations.
8. Section 2 A flat tax shall be defined as a single rate on all
9. sources of income. Barring deductions for individuals, a
10. deduction shall be defined as any donation to a charitable
11. organization (pursuant to existing tax laws) AND interest
12. payments incurred on a home mortgage. Any individual wishing to
13. claim a deduction must provide evidence in order for the
14. deduction to be accepted.
15. Section 3 The Internal Revenue Service shall be responsible for
16. the enforcement of this bill.
17. Section 4 This bill shall go into effect in the fiscal year of 2025.
18. Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
19. declared null and void.
20. Introduced for Congressional Debate by NOF.

Congressional Debate Legislation #3

A Bill to Ban Summer School

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 The United States shall ban summer school in K-12 schools.
3. Section 2 Summer classes are defined as those outside the primary
4. academic year and are primarily used for credit recovery for
5. students who failed classes.
6. Section 3 The Department of Education in conjunction with various
7. Boards of Education will enforce this law.
8. Section 4 This legislation will go into effect starting in Summer
9. 2024.
10. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
11. shall hereby be declared null and void.
12. Introduced for Congressional Debate by NOF

A Bill to Encourage the Development of Nuclear Power

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 The United States Congress shall allocate three billion
3. dollars to be distributed towards states to encourage the
4. development of nuclear power plants.
5. Section 2 A nuclear power plant is defined as a thermal power
6. station whose heat is sourced by a nuclear reactor and provides
7. power to buildings within its proximity.
8. Section 3 The United States Department of Energy shall oversee the
9. enforcement of this bill. In order to receive aid for nuclear
10. energy, states must apply to the Energy Department, which will
11. ultimately determine the amount of funding to be granted.
12. Section 4 This bill will go into effect in the 2025 fiscal year.
13. Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
14. declared null and void.
15. Introduced for Congressional Debate by NOF

A Bill to Close the Fragrance Loophole

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2. Section 1 Any cosmetic brand owner shall make public the following
3. information:

(1) any fragrance or flavor ingredient present in
4. cosmetics at a concentration that equals or exceeds .01
5. percent;

(2) any chemical used in a fragrance or flavor
6. ingredient present in such cosmetics, regardless of percentage,
7. that are identified as likely to be carcinogenic to humans or
8. any persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic Priority Chemicals
9. identified by the Environmental Protection Agency's National
10. Waste Minimization Program as of February 22, 2016.

11. Section 2 The term 'flavor ingredient' means any intentionally
12. added substance or complex mixture of aroma chemicals or
13. natural essential oils for which the purpose is to impart a
14. flavor or taste, or to counteract a flavor or taste.

The term

15. 'fragrance ingredient' means any intentionally added substance
16. or complex mixture of aroma chemicals, natural essential oils,
17. and other functional ingredient or ingredients for which the
18. purpose is to impart an odor or scent, or to counteract an odor.

19. Section 3 The Food and Drug Administration shall oversee the
20. enforcement of this law.

21. Section 4 This law shall go into effect January 1, 2024.

22. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
23. shall hereby be declared null and void.

24. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL